Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme NatHERS Certificate No. 0007709447-01

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Property

Address Unit Lot B-Sec Dw, 22 Nicoll Street

Roselands, NSW, 2196

Lot/DP 9/4494

NCC Class* 1A

Type **New Dwelling**

Plans

Main Plan

Prepared by n/a

Construction and environr

Assessed floor are	a (m²)*	Exposure Type
Conditioned*	53.0	Suburban
Unconditioned*	7.0	NatHERS climate zone

60.0 Total 56

0.0 Garage

ccredited assessor

Name Zoran Cvetkovski

Business name Sustainability-Z

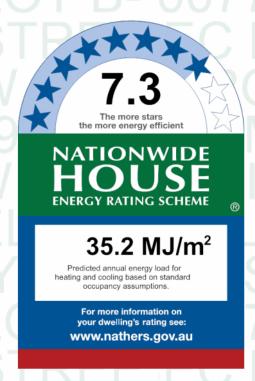
Email sustainability-z@outlook.com

Phone 0414273176 Accreditation No. DMN/13/1641

Assessor Accrediting Organisation

Design Matters National

Declaration of interest Declaration not completed



Thermal performance

Heating Cooling 19.2 MJ/m^2 MJ/m^2

About the rating

NatHERS software models the expected thermal energy loads using information about the design and construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The software does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit



hstar.com.au/QR/Generate?

p=DANfpLdGy.

When using either link, ensure you are visiting hstar.com.au

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC's requirements for NatHERS-rated houses are detailed in 3.12.0(a)(i) and 3.12.5 of the NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in J0.2 and J5 to J8 of the NCC Volume One.

In NCC 2019, these requirements include minimum star ratings and separate heating and cooling load limits that need to be met by buildings and apartments through the NatHERS assessment. Requirements additional to the NatHERS assessment that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: insulation installation methods, thermal breaks, building sealing, water heating and pumping, and artificial lighting requirements. The NCC and NatHERS Heating and Cooling Load Limits (Australian Building Codes Board Standard) are available at www.abcb.gov.au.

State and territory variations and additions to the NCC may also apply.



Certificate check

Ensure the dwelling is designed and then built as per the NatHERS Certificate. While you need to check the accuracy of the whole Certificate, the following spot check covers some important items impacting the dwelling's rating.

Genuine certificate

Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code in the verification box on the front page? Does the set of NatHERS-stamped plans for the dwelling have a Certificate number on the stamp that matches this Certificate?

Ceiling penetrations*

Does the 'number' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the stamped plans or installed, match what is shown in this Certificate?

Windows

Does the installed window meet the substitution tolerances (SHGC and U-value) and window type, of the window shown on this Certificate? Substituted values must be based on the Australian Fenestration Rating Council (AFRC) protocol.

Apartment entrance doors

Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.

Exposure*

Has the appropriate exposure level (terrain) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".

Provisional* values

Have provisional values been used in the assessment and, if so, noted in "additional notes" below?

Additional notes

Rated with provisional values for downlights. All downlights: IC-F /IC-4/ (insulation covered/

including the control gears/) rated as per AS/NZS standard 60598 and IP (sealed) rated as per BS EN

60529:1992, European IEC 60509:1989.

Rated with AWS windows.

All wet areas windows are rated as generic windows.

All coffer ceiling verticals and walls against the roof-space, to be insulated, with the same

insulation as the ceiling insulation.

Where the roof is extended over an open area such as a deck or carport: A barrier to be installed

within the roof space to separate the space above the zoned part of the house and the space above

the open veranda.

I have modeled the shading in accordance with NatHERS principles

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
WITIGOW ID	Description	U-value*	31160	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
ALM-002-01 A	ALM-002-01 A Aluminium B SG Clear	6.7	0.70	0.66	0.73	
TIM-001-01 W	TIM-001-01 W Timber A SG Clear	5.4	0.56	0.53	0.59	



Custom* windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	SIGC	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
AWS-066-07 A	AWS-066-07 A RES SERIES 516 FIXED WINDOW SG 5mmClr	5.9	0.75	0.71	0.79	
AWS-001-01 A	AWS-001-01 A 502/504 Al Sliding Window SG 3Clr	6.4	0.73	0.69	0.77	

Window and glazed door schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	Window shading device*
Ktch/Din/Liv	AWS-066-07 A	n/a	550	2500	n/a	00	SW	No
Ktch/Din/Liv	AWS-001-01 A	n/a	1200	1810	n/a	45	SE	No
Bath/Laundry	ALM-002-01 A	n/a	600	2050	n/a	45	NW	No
Bed 2	AWS-001-01 A	n/a	1200	2050	n/a	45	NE	No
Bed 1	AWS-001-01 A	n/a	1200	2050	n/a	45	NE	No
Entry/Hall	TIM-001-01 W	n/a	2100	150	n/a	90	SE	No

Roof window type and performance

Default* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*	энвс	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	hle					

Custom* roof windows

Window ID	Window	Maximum	SHGC*	Substitution tolerance ranges		
	Description	U-value*		SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit	
No Data Availa	ble					

Roof window schedule

Location	Window ID	Window no.	Opening %	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Outdoor shade	Indoor shade	
No Data Available									

Skylight type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description	
No Data Available		



Skylight schedule

Location Skylight No. Skylight shaft length (mm) Skylight Shaft length (mm) Orientation Shade Diffuser Skylight shaft reflectance

No Data Available

External door schedule

Location	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Opening %	Orientation
Entry/Hall	2100	850	90	SE

External wall type

Wall	Wall	Solar	Wall shade	Bulk insulation	Reflective wall wrap*
ID	type	absorptance	(colour)	(R-value)	
EW-1	Cavity Brick	0.50	Medium	Foil Sided Bubble Wrap, Anti-glare one side	No

External wall schedule

Wall ID	Height (mm)	Width (mm)	Orientation	Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)	Vertical shading feature (yes/no)
EW-1	2440	7200	SW	100	NO
EW-1	2440	2345	NW	100	NO
EW-1	2440	800	NE	5700	YES
EW-1	2440	3200	SE	100	NO
EW-1	2440	2490	NW	100	NO
EW-1	2440	3700	SE	100	NO
EW-1	2440	800	SW	5200	YES
EW-1	2440	3545	NE	100	NO
EW-1	2440	3745	NW	100	NO
EW-1	2440	3545	NE	100	NO
EW-1	2440	1790	SE	900	YES
	EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1 EW-1	EW-1 2440	ID (mm) (mm) EW-1 2440 7200 EW-1 2440 2345 EW-1 2440 800 EW-1 2440 3200 EW-1 2440 2490 EW-1 2440 3700 EW-1 2440 800 EW-1 2440 3545 EW-1 2440 3745 EW-1 2440 3545	ID (mm) (mm) Orientation EW-1 2440 7200 SW EW-1 2440 2345 NW EW-1 2440 800 NE EW-1 2440 3200 SE EW-1 2440 2490 NW EW-1 2440 3700 SE EW-1 2440 800 SW EW-1 2440 3545 NE EW-1 2440 3745 NW EW-1 2440 3545 NE	Wall ID Height (mm) Width (mm) Orientation feature* maximum projection (mm) EW-1 2440 7200 SW 100 EW-1 2440 2345 NW 100 EW-1 2440 800 NE 5700 EW-1 2440 3200 SE 100 EW-1 2440 2490 NW 100 EW-1 2440 3700 SE 100 EW-1 2440 800 SW 5200 EW-1 2440 3545 NE 100 EW-1 2440 3745 NW 100 EW-1 2440 3545 NE 100

Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area (m²)	Bulk insulation
IW-1 - Single Skin Brick		50.00	No insulation

Floor type

Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m²) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Ktch/Din/Liv	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	20.30 None	No Insulation	40/60 Ceramic/Cork
Bath/Laundry	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	7.10 None	No Insulation	Ceramic Tiles 8mm
Bed 2	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	12.10 None	No Insulation	Cork Tiles or Parquetry 8mm



Location	Construction	Area Sub-floor (m) ventilation	Added insulation (R-value)	Covering
Bed 1	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	12.40 None	No Insulation	Cork Tiles or Parquetry 8mm
Entry/Hall	Concrete Slab on Ground 100mm	7.70 None	No Insulation	Cork Tiles or Parquetry 8mm

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value (may include edge batt values)	Reflective wrap*
Ktch/Din/Liv	Concrete, Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R5	No
Bath/Laundry	Concrete, Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R5	No
Bed 2	Concrete, Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R5	No
Bed 1	Concrete, Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R5	No
Entry/Hall	Concrete, Plasterboard	Bulk Insulation R5	No

Ceiling penetrations*

Location	Quantity	Туре	Diameter (mm²)	Sealed/unsealed
Ktch/Din/Liv	5	Downlights - LED	50	Sealed
Ktch/Din/Liv	1	Exhaust Fans	300	Sealed
Bath/Laundry	2	Downlights - LED	50	Sealed
Bed 2	3	Downlights - LED	50	Sealed
Bed 1	3	Downlights - LED	50	Sealed
Entry/Hall	2	Downlights - LED	50	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter (mm)
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction	Added insulation (R-value)	Solar absorptance	Roof shade
Roof Tiles	Foil, Gap Above, Reflective Side Down, Anti-glare Up	0.85	Dark



Explanatory notes

About this report

A NatHERS rating is a comprehensive, dynamic computer modelling evaluation of a home, using the floorplans, elevations and specifications to estimate an energy load. It addresses the building layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings), but does not cover the water or energy use of appliances or energy production of solar panels.

Ratings are based on a unique climate zone where the home is located and are generated using standard assumptions, including occupancy patterns and thermostat settings. The actual energy consumption of a home may vary significantly from the predicted energy load, as the assumptions used in the rating will not match actual usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and personal heating or cooling preferences will vary.

While the figures are an indicative guide to energy use, they can be used as a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that the design meets the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code. Homes that are energy efficient use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run. The higher the star rating the more thermally efficient the dwelling is.

Accredited assessors

To ensure the NatHERS Certificate is of a high quality, always use an accredited or licenced assessor. NatHERS accredited assessors are members of a professional body called an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO).

Australian Capital Territory (ACT) licensed assessors may only produce assessments for regulatory purposes using software for which they have a licence endorsement. Licence endorsements can be confirmed on the ACT licensing register

AAOs have specific quality assurance processes in place, and continuing professional development requirements, to maintain a high and consistent standard of assessments across the country. Non-accredited assessors do not have this level of quality assurance or any ongoing training requirements.

Any questions or concerns about this report should be directed to the assessor in the first instance. If the assessor is unable to address these questions or concerns, the AAO specified on the front of this certificate should be contacted.

Disclaimer

The format of the Nathers Certificate was developed by the Nathers Administrator. However the content of each individual certificate is entered and created by the assessor to create a Nathers Certificate. It is the responsibility of the assessor who prepared this certificate to use Nathers accredited software correctly and follow the Nathers Technical Notes to produce a Nathers Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load in this NathERS Certificate is an estimate based on an assessment of the building by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, but may be used to compare how other buildings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHES accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, indoor air temperature and local climate

Not all assumptions that may have been made by the assessor while using the Nath—RS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be available from the assessor.

Glossary

Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.		
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area design documents.		
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, rangehoods, chirmeys and flues. Excludes		
Ceiling penetrations	fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.		
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it		
Conditioned	will include garages.		
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.		
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.		
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilated corridor in a Class 2 building.		
Exposure category – exposed	terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).		
Eveneure esteriory coop	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered		
Exposure category – open	sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).		
Exposure category – suburban	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10me.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.		
Exposure category – protected	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 me.g. city and industrial areas.		
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.		
National Construction Code	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHEPS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4		
(NOC) Class	buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.		
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.		
	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional		
Provisional value	value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at		
	www.nathers.gov.au		
Reflective wrap (also known as foil)	can be applied to walls, roofs and ceilings. When combined with an appropriate airgap and emissivity value, it provides insulative properties.		
Roof window	for Nathers this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space, and		
NOOI WIIIdOW	generally does not have a diffuser.		
Shading device	a device fixed to windows that provides shading e.g. window awnings or screens but excludes eaves.		
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.		
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released		
Solar fleat gain coefficient (Shoc)	inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.		
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	for Nathers this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.		
U-value	the rate of heat transfer through a window. The lower the U-value, the better the insulating ability.		
Unconditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is assumed to not require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.		
Vertical shading features provides shading to the building in the vertical plane and can be parallel or perpendicular to the subject wall/window. Includes screens, other walls in the building (wing walls), fences, other buildings, vegetation (protected or listed heritage trees).			
	Colora, Caro, Walle in the Sellining (Willig Walley), Fortices, Other Sellinings, Vogetation (protected or linear hallenge trees).		